## Explanation of Kentucky's Gas and Diesel Tax

## Kentucky's Gas Tax Formula:

| Variable Component <br> of Gas Tax | Supplemental Highway <br> User Tax KRS 138.220(2) | Underground Storage Tax <br> KRS 138.220(1) 224.60 (General Fund) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Established in 1986 |  |
| $(*$ AWP x 9\% $)+\$ 0.05+\$ 0.014=$ Gas Tax |  |  |

## Kentucky's Diesel Tax Formula:


$(*$ AWP x $9 \%)+\$ 0.02+\$ 0.014=$ Diesel Tax
*Average Wholesale Price
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## Motor Fuels Surtax

In addition to the formulas listed above a motor fuels surtax is charged on all vehicles with a declared gross weight over 26,000 pounds and with three or more axles. The surtax is an additional $2 \%$ on gasoline (the variable tax percentage is increased from $9 \%$ to $11 \%$ ) and an additional $4.7 \%$ on diesel (the variable tax percentage is increased from 9\% to 13.7\%). (KRS 138.660(2))

## Weight-Distance Tax

A surtax of $\$ 0.0285$ cents per mile is imposed on every motor carrier for the operation of motor vehicles upon Kentucky highways with a combined licensed weight in excess of 59,999 pounds.

## Example

- A gallon of gasoline for a regular vehicle will generate 26 cents
- If bought for a vehicle weighing more than 26,000 pounds and having three or more axles, an additional 4.35 cents would be generated.
- If this vehicle is over 59,999 pounds, they would also pay the weight-distance tax. Assuming the vehicle gets 7 miles per gallon, an additional 19.95 cents would be generated.
- A gallon of diesel bought for a regular vehicle (diesel car or pickup truck) generates 23 cents.
- If bought for a vehicle weighing more than 26,000 pounds and having three or more axles, an additional 10.23 cents would be generated.
- If this vehicle is over 59,999 pounds, they would also pay the weight-distance tax. Assuming the vehicle gets 7 miles per gallon, they would pay an additional 19.95 cents.

