



# **Explanation of Kentucky's Gas and Diesel Tax**

### **Kentucky's Gas Tax Formula:**

Variable Component of Gas Tax

KRS 138.220(1)

Supplemental Highway
User Tax KRS 138.220(2)
Established in 1986

Underground Storage Tax KRS 224.60 (General Fund)

 $(*AWP \times 9\%) + \$0.05 + \$0.014 = Gas Tax$ 

## **Kentucky's Diesel Tax Formula:**

Variable Component of Gas Tax KRS 138.220(1) Supplemental Highway User Tax KRS 138.660(1) Underground Storage Tax KRS 224.60 (General Fund)

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 $(*AWP \times 9\%) + $0.02 + $0.014 = Diesel Tax$ 

\*Average Wholesale Price





#### **Motor Fuels Surtax**

In addition to the formulas listed above a motor fuels surtax is charged on all vehicles with a declared gross weight over 26,000 pounds and with three or more axles. The surtax is an additional 2% on gasoline (the variable tax percentage is increased from 9% to 11%) and an additional 4.7% on diesel (the variable tax percentage is increased from 9% to 13.7%). (KRS 138.660(2))

### **Weight-Distance Tax**

A surtax of \$0.0285 cents per mile is imposed on every motor carrier for the operation of motor vehicles upon Kentucky highways with a combined licensed weight in excess of 59,999 pounds.

#### **Example**

- A gallon of gasoline for a regular vehicle will generate 26 cents
  - o If bought for a vehicle weighing more than 26,000 pounds and having three or more axles, an additional 4.35 cents would be generated.
  - If this vehicle is over 59,999 pounds, they would also pay the weight-distance tax.
     Assuming the vehicle gets 7 miles per gallon, an additional 19.95 cents would be generated.
- A gallon of diesel bought for a regular vehicle (diesel car or pickup truck) generates 23 cents.
  - o If bought for a vehicle weighing more than 26,000 pounds and having three or more axles, an additional 10.23 cents would be generated.
  - o If this vehicle is over 59,999 pounds, they would also pay the weight-distance tax. Assuming the vehicle gets 7 miles per gallon, they would pay an additional 19.95 cents.